

# Avalanche Forecast

## Wednesday 16 01 2019

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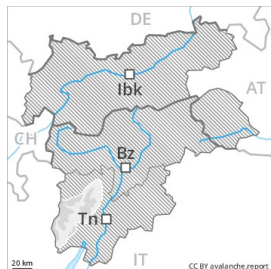


Avalanche.report





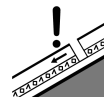
## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
on Thursday 17 01 2019



Wind-drifted  
snow



Persistent  
weak layer



The wind slabs represent the main danger.

As a consequence of northerly wind, mostly small wind slabs formed in particular adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls as well as above approximately 2300 m. They are in many cases small and can only be released by large loads in most cases. The avalanche prone locations are rather rare and are clearly recognisable to the trained eye. In particular at high altitude avalanche prone locations are more prevalent and the danger is greater. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

### Snowpack

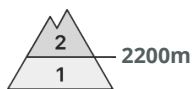
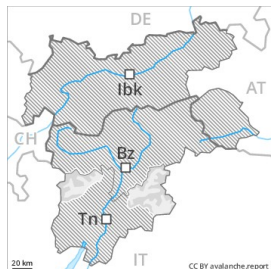
Faceted weak layers exist in the snowpack in particular on shady slopes. The mostly small wind slabs must be evaluated with care and prudence in all aspects above approximately 2500 m. In steep terrain there is a danger of falling on the hard crust. Below approximately 2000 m a little snow is lying.

### Tendency

The avalanche danger will persist.



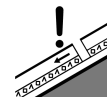
## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
 on Thursday 17 01 2019



Wind-drifted  
 snow



Persistent  
 weak layer



### Fresh snow and wind slabs require caution.

The fresh snow and wind slabs of Monday represent the main danger. Especially on wind-loaded slopes medium-sized natural avalanches must be expected in isolated cases. The mostly small wind slabs of the last few days can be released by a single winter sport participant in isolated cases in all aspects above approximately 2200 m. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in gullies and bowls, and adjacent to ridgelines in all aspects. These places are quite prevalent but are clearly recognisable to the trained eye. In particular on the Cevedale, in the Maddalene and in the regions neighbouring those that are subject to danger level 3 (considerable) and above approximately 2500 m avalanche prone locations are more prevalent and the danger is greater.

### Snowpack

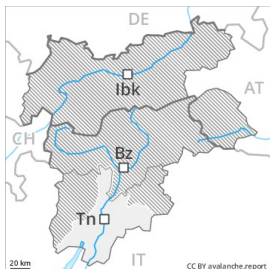
In many cases fresh snow and wind slabs are lying on a hard crust. The mostly small wind slabs of the day before yesterday must be evaluated with care and prudence in all aspects. Faceted weak layers exist in the snowpack especially on steep, rather lightly snow-covered shady slopes. Below approximately 2000 m thus far only a little snow is lying.

### Tendency

Moderate, level 2.



## Danger Level 1 - Low



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
on Thursday 17 01 2019



Wind-drifted  
snow



In all regions from a snow sport perspective, in most cases insufficient snow is lying.

The mostly small wind slabs represent the main danger. These are to be found especially adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls and generally at high altitudes. The avalanche prone locations are rather rare and are easy to recognise. Mostly the avalanches are small and can be released by large loads. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

### Snowpack

The snowpack remains generally well bonded. Below approximately 1800 m only a little snow is lying.

### Tendency

Low, level 1.