



AM

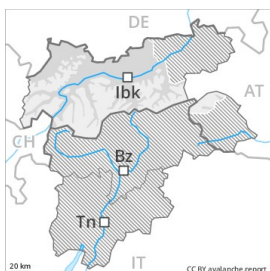


PM



Danger Level 3 - Considerable

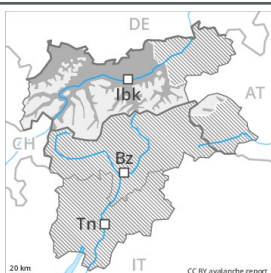
AM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 28 02 2019



PM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 28 02 2019



The backcountry touring conditions are spring-like. Increase in avalanche danger as the day progresses. Caution is to be exercised in areas with glide cracks.

A substantial danger of gliding avalanches exists. This applies on steep grassy slopes in all aspects below approximately 2600 m. On east, south and west facing slopes the danger is a little higher. Gliding avalanches can in isolated cases reach very large size. In addition the mostly small wind slabs of the last few days adjacent to ridgelines are prone to triggering in isolated cases, especially in the Venediger Range and along the border with South Tyrol. These can still be released in some cases on steep shady slopes in high Alpine regions. Such avalanche prone locations are rare and are clearly recognisable to the trained eye. Afternoon: As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of wet and gliding avalanches being released will increase in particular on steep sunny slopes below approximately 2600 m. Most and wet avalanches can in some places be released, in particular by large loads and reach medium size, especially in areas where the snow cover is rather shallow as well as in extremely steep terrain.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 2: gliding snow

dp 10: springtime scenario

Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be reduced at times. From early morning the weather will be mostly sunny over a wide area. The weather will be very warm. The wind will be moderate in particular in the Venediger Range and along the border with South Tyrol. The surface of the snowpack will soften earlier than the day before. This applies in particular on steep sunny slopes below approximately 2600 m. Fresh wind slabs are in isolated cases prone to triggering in particular on shady slopes in high Alpine regions. The old snowpack will be in most cases favourable.



Tendency

Increase in danger of gliding avalanches as the day progresses.

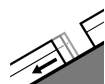


Danger Level 3 - Considerable

AM:



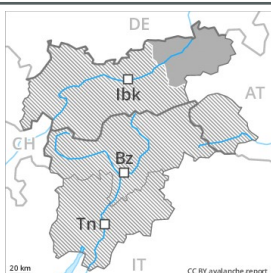
Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 28 02 2019



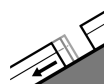
Gliding snow



PM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 28 02 2019



Gliding snow



Wet snow



Increase in avalanche danger as the day progresses. Caution is to be exercised in areas with glide cracks.

There is a danger of gliding avalanches. This applies on steep grassy slopes in all aspects. On east, south and west facing slopes the danger is a little higher. Gliding avalanches can in isolated cases reach very large size. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided. The backcountry touring conditions in the morning are favourable over a wide area. Afternoon: As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of wet and gliding avalanches being released will increase. This applies in particular on steep sunny slopes. Most and wet avalanches can in some places be released, in particular by large loads and reach medium size, especially in areas where the snow cover is rather shallow as well as in extremely steep terrain.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 2: gliding snow

dp 10: springtime scenario

Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be reduced at times. From early morning the weather will be mostly sunny. The weather will be exceptionally warm. The surface of the snowpack will soften earlier than the day before. This applies on steep sunny slopes. The old snowpack will be favourable.

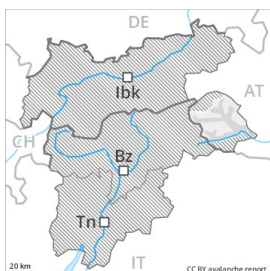
Tendency

Increase in danger of gliding avalanches as the day progresses.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate

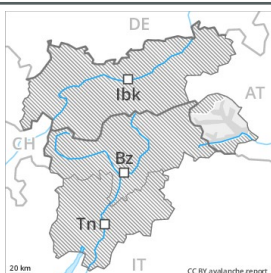
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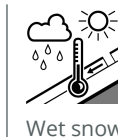
Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 28 02 2019



PM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 28 02 2019



Gliding avalanches are the main danger. Slight increase in danger of wet and gliding avalanches as the day progresses.

There is a danger of gliding avalanches. This applies on steep grassy slopes below approximately 2600 m, especially on sunny slopes. In particular in the regions with a lot of snow gliding avalanches can in some cases reach large size. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided as far as possible. Weakly bonded old snow: Dry avalanches can in isolated cases be released in the old snowpack by large loads, especially in little used backcountry terrain. Caution is to be exercised in particular on steep shady slopes between approximately 2000 and 2600 m in areas where the snow cover is rather shallow. The avalanche prone locations are very rare but are barely recognisable, even to the trained eye. As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of wet and gliding avalanches being released will increase. Moist avalanches can in isolated cases be released, mostly by large loads and reach medium size. This applies especially on steep southwest, south and southeast facing slopes below approximately 2600 m.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 2: gliding snow

dp 10: springtime scenario

Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be reduced at times. From early morning the weather will be mostly sunny. The weather will be exceptionally warm. The wind will be moderate to strong. The surface of the snowpack will soften during the day. This applies on steep sunny slopes below approximately 2600 m. Isolated avalanche prone weak layers exist in the bottom section of the snowpack, in particular on steep shady slopes between approximately 2000 and 2600 m.

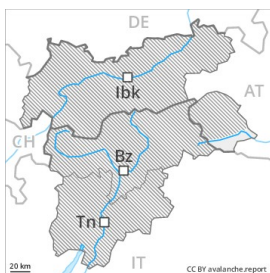
Tendency

Increase in danger of gliding avalanches as the day progresses.



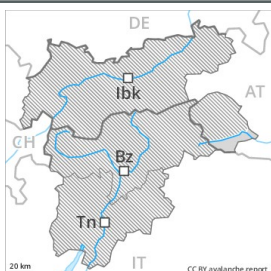
Danger Level 2 - Moderate

AM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 28 02 2019

PM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 28 02 2019



Wet snow



The avalanche conditions are generally favourable. Increase in avalanche danger as the day progresses.

Dry avalanches can in isolated cases be released in the old snowpack by large loads. This applies especially on very steep shady slopes between approximately 2000 and 2600 m in areas where the snow cover is rather shallow. The avalanche prone locations are very rare but are barely recognisable, even to the trained eye. Mostly avalanches are medium-sized. As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of moist avalanches being released will increase. This applies especially on steep southwest, south and southeast facing slopes below approximately 2600 m. Avalanches can be released, mostly by large loads and reach medium size.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 10: springtime scenario

dp 1: deep persistent weak layer

Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be reduced at times. From early morning the weather will be clear. The weather will be very warm. The wind will be moderate. The surface of the snowpack will soften during the day. This applies on steep sunny slopes below approximately 2600 m. Isolated avalanche prone weak layers exist in the bottom section of the snowpack, in particular on shady slopes between approximately 2000 and 2600 m.

Tendency

Slight increase in avalanche danger as the day progresses.