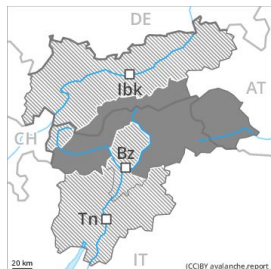




Danger Level 4 - High



Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
on Tuesday 19 11 2019



Gliding snow represents the main danger. Fresh wind slabs require caution, in particular above approximately 2200 m.

Numerous natural avalanches have been released as a consequence of fresh snow and stormy weather. On steep grassy slopes more gliding avalanches are possible, even quite large ones, in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation especially, in particular in the east.

In addition the extensive wind slabs of the last few days above approximately 2200 m are prone to triggering. These can be released, even by a single winter sport participant and reach large size in isolated cases. The prevalence of avalanche prone locations and likelihood of triggering will increase with altitude. As a consequence of the sometimes strong southerly wind more natural avalanches are possible, even very large ones in isolated cases, in particular in shady places that are protected from the wind at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions.

Snow sport activities outside marked and open pistes call for extensive experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 2: gliding snow

dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind

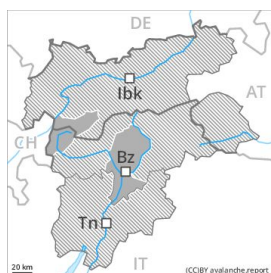
Over a wide area 50 to 80 cm of snow, and up to 120 cm in some localities, fell. The wind was strong to storm force. In some places wind slabs are lying on soft layers, especially at elevated altitudes. The fresh wind slabs are in many cases thick and can in some cases be released easily especially at their margins. The snowpack will be wet all the way through at low and intermediate altitudes.

Tendency

The avalanche danger will persist.



Danger Level 3 - Considerable



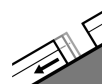
Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
on Tuesday 19 11 2019



Wind-drifted
snow



2200m



Gliding snow



2500m

Fresh wind slabs above approximately 2200 m. Gliding avalanches and moist snow slides.

The fresh wind slabs represent the main danger. These are sometimes thick and in some cases prone to triggering. They can be released in particular on west to north to east facing aspects above approximately 2200 m, especially at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack, when entering gullies and bowls for example.

On steep grassy slopes more gliding avalanches and snow slides are possible. In steep rocky terrain small wet loose snow avalanches are possible, in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation especially.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp 2: gliding snow

As a consequence of a strong to storm force southerly wind, wind slabs formed in the last few days. In some places wind slabs are lying on soft layers, in particular above approximately 2200 m. The snowpack will be wet all the way through at low and intermediate altitudes.

Tendency

Gradual decrease in avalanche danger.