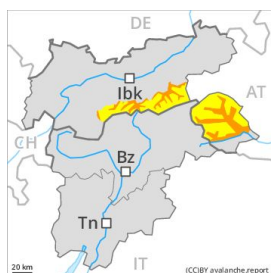
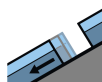


Danger Level 3 - Considerable



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →

on Friday 22 11 2019



Gliding snow



2600m



Wind-drifted snow



2400m

Gliding snow represents the main danger. This applies on steep grassy slopes. Wind slabs above approximately 2400 m.

On steep grassy slopes more gliding avalanches are possible, even quite large ones, in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation especially. This applies below approximately 2600 m. Caution is to be exercised in areas with glide cracks.

The fresh wind slabs are in some cases still prone to triggering at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. They can be released, especially by large additional loads, in particular on northwest to north to northeast facing aspects above approximately 2400 m, especially at their margins. Caution is to be exercised in particular adjacent to ridgelines. The prevalence of avalanche prone locations and likelihood of triggering will increase with altitude. Large avalanches are possible in isolated cases, especially in high Alpine regions. Snow sport activities outside marked and open pistes call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 2: gliding snow

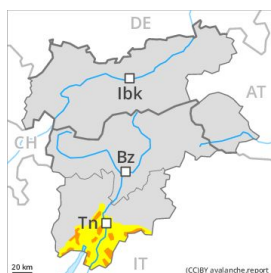
dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind

The snowpack will be moist at low and intermediate altitudes. In some places wind slabs are lying on soft layers, in particular on shady slopes as well as adjacent to ridgelines in high Alpine regions. The various wind slabs have bonded quite well already with each other and the old snowpack. The older wind slabs are in many cases quite large but unlikely to be released now.

Tendency

The danger of gliding avalanches and snow slides will persist.

Danger Level 3 - Considerable



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Friday 22 11 2019



Wind-drifted
snow



Treeline



Gliding snow



Treeline

More small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized moist loose snow avalanches are possible. The danger of moist avalanches will increase a little during the day.

On very steep grassy slopes more small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized gliding avalanches are possible. Elsewhere, avalanches can as before be released, in particular by large loads, in particular on wind-loaded slopes. The prevalence of avalanche prone locations and likelihood of triggering will increase with altitude.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 2: gliding snow

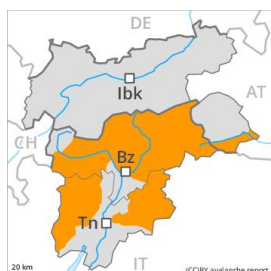
40 to 100 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen in the last few days above approximately 1500 m. The snowpack remains moist at low and intermediate altitudes.

Over a wide area fresh snow and wind slabs are lying on soft layers, especially above the tree line. Moist avalanches can in isolated cases be triggered in deep layers and reach medium size.

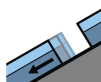
Tendency

The danger of moist avalanches will increase a little during the day.

Danger Level 3 - Considerable



Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
on Friday 22 11 2019



Gliding snow



2600m



Wind-drifted
snow



2200m

Wind slabs above approximately 2200 m. Gliding snow requires caution.

On steep grassy slopes more gliding avalanches are possible, even quite large ones. Caution is to be exercised in areas with glide cracks. The fresh wind slabs are extensive and can in some cases be released easily especially at their margins. Caution is to be exercised in particular adjacent to ridgelines. The prevalence of avalanche prone locations and likelihood of triggering will increase with altitude. Large avalanches are possible in isolated cases, especially in high Alpine regions. Snow sport activities outside marked and open pistes call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 2: gliding snow

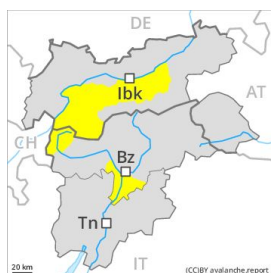
dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind

The snowpack will be moist at low and intermediate altitudes. In some places wind slabs are lying on soft layers, in particular on shady slopes as well as adjacent to ridgelines in high Alpine regions.

Tendency

The danger of gliding avalanches and snow slides will decrease gradually.

Danger Level 2 - Moderate



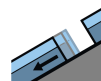
Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
 on Friday 22 11 2019



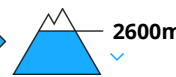
Wind-drifted
 snow



2400m



Gliding snow



2600m

Fresh wind slabs require caution, especially in high Alpine regions. Below approximately 2600 m gliding avalanches and snow slides are possible.

The fresh wind slabs represent the main danger. They can be released, especially by large additional loads, especially on very steep shady slopes above approximately 2400 m. This applies at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack, when entering gullies and bowls for example. The prevalence of avalanche prone locations and likelihood of triggering will increase with altitude. These avalanche prone locations are clearly recognisable to the trained eye.

On steep grassy slopes more gliding avalanches and snow slides are possible, in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation in particular. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided as far as possible.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind

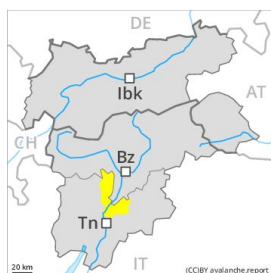
dp 2: gliding snow

The snowpack will be moist at low and intermediate altitudes. As a consequence of a strong to storm force southerly wind, wind slabs formed in the last few days at elevated altitudes. In some places wind slabs are lying on soft layers, in particular above approximately 2400 m, especially on shady slopes as well as adjacent to ridgelines. The older wind slabs are in many cases thick but unlikely to be released now.

Tendency

Gradual decrease in avalanche danger.

Danger Level 2 - Moderate



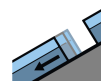
Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Friday 22 11 2019



Wind-drifted
snow



Treeline



Gliding snow



Treeline

Individual mostly small moist loose snow avalanches are possible. The danger of moist avalanches will increase a little during the day.

On very steep grassy slopes individual mostly small gliding avalanches are possible. Elsewhere, avalanches can in some places be released, mostly by large loads, but they will be small in most cases, in particular on wind-loaded slopes. The prevalence of avalanche prone locations and likelihood of triggering will increase with altitude.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 2: gliding snow

The snowpack remains moist at low and intermediate altitudes. Over a wide area fresh snow and wind slabs are lying on soft layers, especially above the tree line. Dry and moist avalanches can in isolated cases penetrate deep layers and reach medium size.

Tendency

The danger of moist and wet avalanches will increase a little during the day.

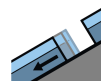
Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Friday 22 11 2019



Wind-drifted
snow



Gliding snow



Fresh wind slabs in the high Alpine regions. Slides can occur on steep grassy slopes.

Individual avalanche prone locations for dry avalanches are to be found in particular on very steep shady slopes above approximately 2400 m, and adjacent to ridgelines. Such avalanche prone locations are very rare and are easy to recognise. Individual avalanche prone locations for gliding avalanches are to be found in particular on steep grassy slopes below approximately 2600 m. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided as far as possible.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp 2: gliding snow

As a consequence of a strong to storm force southerly wind, rather small wind slabs formed in the last few days at elevated altitudes. In some places wind slabs are lying on the soft surface of an old snowpack, in particular above approximately 2400 m. At low and intermediate altitudes hardly any snow is lying.

Tendency

Low, level 1.