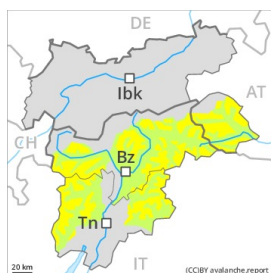


Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →

on Sunday 28 03 2021



Wind-drifted
snow



Old wind slabs represent the main danger.

The sometimes avalanche-prone wind slabs are to be evaluated with care and prudence in particular on northwest to north to northeast facing aspects. Caution is to be exercised in particular above approximately 2200 m, as well as adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls. In isolated cases avalanches are medium-sized. At elevated altitudes the avalanche prone locations are more prevalent and larger. These places are easy to recognise.

In steep terrain there is a danger of falling on the hard snow surface.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

Above approximately 1700 m snow will fall until Sunday in some localities. The sometimes storm force wind has transported the fresh and old snow. The wind slabs are bonding only slowly with the old snowpack, especially on steep, little used shady slopes.

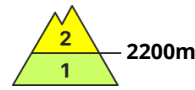
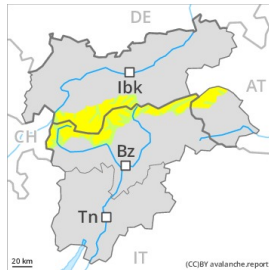
The snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. Snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. In gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain a lot of snow is lying.

The old snowpack will be stable over a wide area.

Tendency

Wind slabs require caution.

Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Sunday 28 03 2021



Wind-drifted
snow



Fresh wind slabs require caution.

As a consequence of a strong northerly wind, sometimes avalanche prone wind slabs formed in the last few days in particular adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls. On Saturday they will increase in size moderately. Avalanches are medium-sized and can be released in some cases even by a single winter sport participant. The number and size of avalanche prone locations will increase with altitude. They are barely recognisable because of the poor visibility.

In steep terrain there is a danger of falling on the hard snow surface. Backcountry touring calls for meticulous route selection.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

The fresh and somewhat older wind slabs are lying on soft layers in particular on west to north to east facing aspects above approximately 2400 m. The wind slabs remain in some cases prone to triggering, in particular on shady slopes.

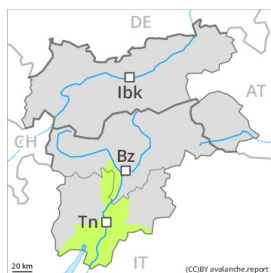
The snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. Snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. In gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain a lot of snow is lying.

The old snowpack will be stable over a wide area.

Tendency

As a consequence of warming and solar radiation, the activity of dry and moist avalanches will increase.

Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Sunday 28 03 2021

Old wind slabs are to be evaluated with care and prudence.

In particular in gullies and bowls and behind abrupt changes in the terrain mostly small wind slabs formed. These can be released, especially by large additional loads, in particular on steep shady slopes. Mostly avalanches are small. The avalanche prone locations are clearly recognisable to the trained eye. The prevalence of such avalanche prone locations will increase with altitude. In steep terrain there is a danger of falling on the hard snow surface.

Snowpack

Some snow will fall until Sunday in some localities. The old snowpack will be stable over a wide area. The mostly small wind slabs are bonding only slowly with the old snowpack, especially on near-ridge shady slopes.

Snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. On sunny slopes and below the tree line hardly any snow is lying.

Tendency

The avalanche danger will persist.