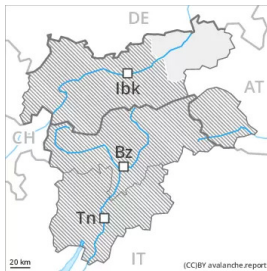






Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Wednesday 09 03 2022

A favourable avalanche situation will be encountered over a wide area.

The somewhat older wind slabs are in individual cases still prone to triggering. Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on extremely steep shady slopes, especially in little used backcountry terrain. Mostly the avalanches are small. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

In particular on steep sunny slopes individual small to medium-sized gliding avalanches and moist snow slides are possible. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided as far as possible.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.2: gliding snow

The snowpack will be stable over a wide area. The somewhat older wind slabs are mostly small and unlikely to be released now. The solar radiation will give rise as the day progresses to increasing moistening of the snowpack on steep sunny slopes. Shady slopes: The upper section of the snowpack is soft; its surface consists of faceted crystals.

Tendency

Low avalanche danger will prevail. As a consequence of warming, the likelihood of wet loose snow avalanches being released will increase a little.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Wednesday 09 03 2022

The backcountry touring conditions are generally favourable.

Avalanches can in very isolated cases be released in the weakly bonded old snow, in particular by large additional loads. This applies on very steep shady slopes above approximately 2400 m, especially in little used terrain at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack. Avalanches can reach medium size. In addition the wind slabs at elevated altitudes are prone to triggering in very isolated cases still. The wind slabs are clearly recognisable to the trained eye.

Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

In particular on steep sunny slopes individual small to medium-sized wet loose snow avalanches are possible.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.7: snow-poor zones in snow-rich surrounding

The snowpack will be stable over a wide area.

Shady slopes: In very isolated cases weak layers exist in the centre of the snowpack, especially above approximately 2400 m. The upper section of the snowpack is soft; its surface consists of faceted crystals. Steep sunny slopes, intermediate and high altitudes: The solar radiation will give rise as the day progresses to moistening of the snowpack.

Tendency

Low avalanche danger will prevail. As a consequence of warming, the likelihood of wet loose snow avalanches being released will increase a little.