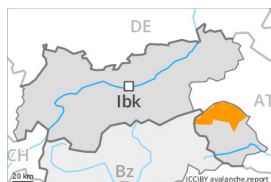


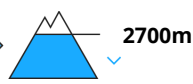
Danger Level 3 - Considerable



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Sunday 23 04 2023



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **large**



Persistent weak layer



Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **large**

Wet snow represents the main danger. Weakly bonded old snow at elevated altitudes. Natural avalanches must be expected more frequently.

As a consequence of warming natural moist avalanches are to be expected, this applies already in the early morning. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in all aspects below approximately 2700 m. In isolated cases avalanches can also release deeper layers of the snowpack and reach large size, especially on very steep west, north and east facing slopes above approximately 2400 m.

More small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized loose snow avalanches are possible.

The danger of natural wet avalanches will increase during the day.

Weakly bonded old snow is to be evaluated critically, in particular on steep shady slopes at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. Avalanches can in some cases be released easily and reach large size.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.4: cold following warm / warm following cold

As a consequence of sharply rising temperatures and high relative humidity an unfavourable avalanche situation will develop by the early morning. The meteorological conditions will cause a gradual weakening of the near-surface layers.

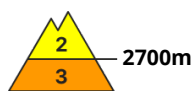
Faceted weak layers exist in the old snowpack on very steep west, north and east facing slopes, especially above approximately 2400 m.

10 to 30 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen since Thursday above approximately 2200 m. In some places new snow is lying on soft layers, in particular on shady slopes.

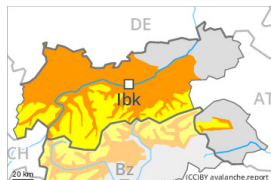
Tendency

The avalanche danger will persist. Wet snow requires caution.

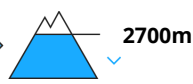
Danger Level 3 - Considerable



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Sunday 23 04 2023



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **large**



Persistent weak layer



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **large**

Wet snow represents the main danger. Natural avalanches must be expected more frequently.

As a consequence of warming natural moist avalanches are to be expected, this applies already in the early morning. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in all aspects below approximately 2700 m. In isolated cases avalanches can also release deeper layers of the snowpack and reach large size, especially on very steep west, north and east facing slopes above approximately 2400 m.

More small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized loose snow avalanches are possible.

The danger of natural wet avalanches will increase during the day.

Fresh wind slabs require caution, in particular on steep shady slopes in high Alpine regions.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.4: cold following warm / warm following cold

As a consequence of sharply rising temperatures and high relative humidity an unfavourable avalanche situation will develop by the early morning. The meteorological conditions will cause a gradual weakening of the near-surface layers.

Faceted weak layers exist in the old snowpack on very steep west, north and east facing slopes, especially above approximately 2400 m on the Main Alpine Ridge.

10 to 30 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen since Thursday above approximately 2200 m.

Tendency

The avalanche danger will persist. Wet snow requires caution.

Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Sunday 23 04 2023



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**



Persistent
weak layer



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **large**

Wet snow requires caution. Weakly bonded old snow at high altitude.

As a consequence of warming moist and wet avalanches are to be expected, this applies already in the early morning. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in all aspects.

The danger of wet avalanches will increase during the day.

Weakly bonded old snow is to be evaluated critically, in particular on steep shady slopes in high Alpine regions. Avalanches can in some cases be released in near-surface layers and reach large size in isolated cases.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.4: cold following warm / warm following cold

As a consequence of sharply rising temperatures and high relative humidity an unfavourable avalanche situation will develop by the early morning. The meteorological conditions will cause a weakening of the snowpack.

Avalanche prone weak layers exist in the top section of the snowpack in particular on steep shady slopes.

Tendency

Wet snow requires caution. Weakly bonded old snow requires caution.

Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Sunday 23 04 2023



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**

Wet snow represents the main danger.

As a consequence of warming moist and wet avalanches are to be expected, this applies already in the early morning. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in all aspects.

The danger of wet avalanches will increase during the day.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

As a consequence of sharply rising temperatures and high relative humidity an unfavourable avalanche situation will develop by the early morning. The meteorological conditions will cause a weakening of the snowpack.

Tendency

Wet snow requires caution.